

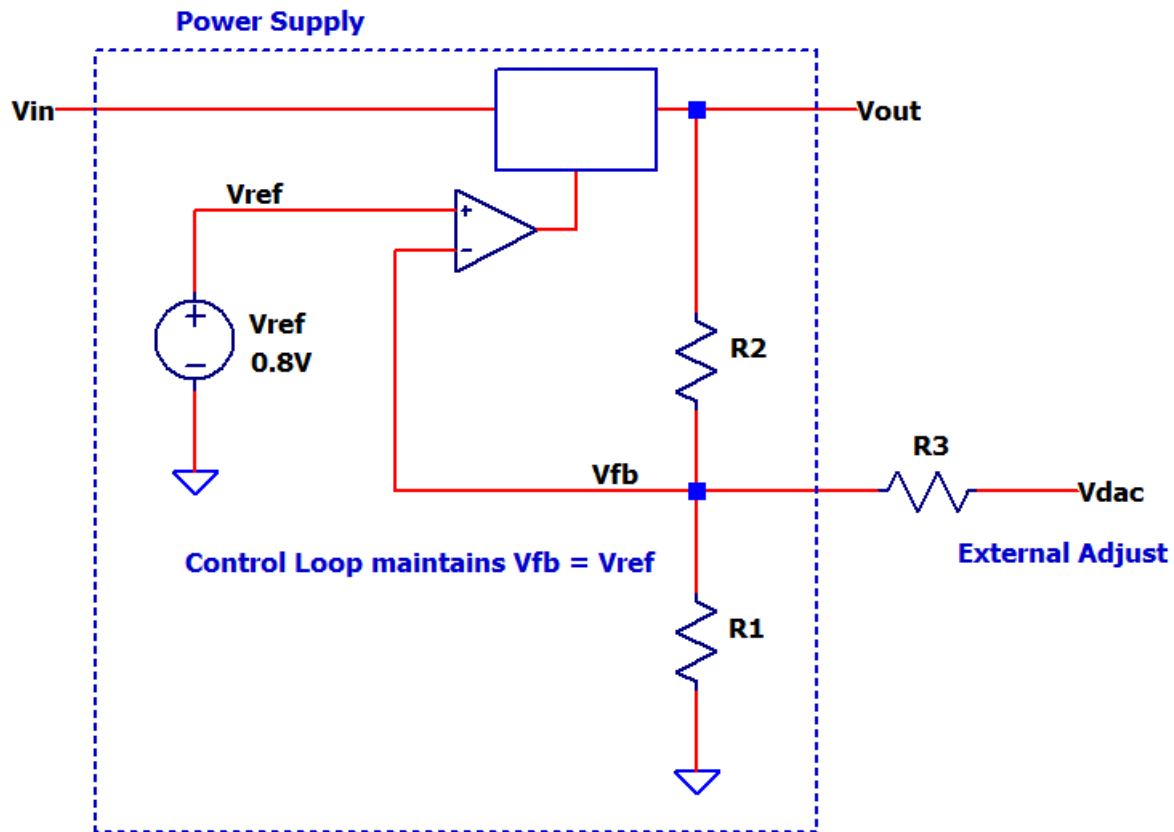
Analog Design Series

DAC Adjusts Supply Vout

R. Faehnrich, Rev A
www.ecircuitcenter.com

DAC Adjusts Supply Vout

Schematic



Define input (V_{dac}) and output (V_{out}) pairs.

$$V_{dac0} = 0V \quad V_{out0} = 9V$$

$$V_{dac1} = 5V \quad V_{out1} = 3V$$

Transfer Function

Set $V_{out} = 0$ and find V_{fb} versus V_{dac} .

$$V_{fb} = V_{dac} \cdot \left(\frac{R_{12}}{R_3 + R_{12}} \right)$$

$$R_{12} = R_1 || R_2 = \left(\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} \right)^{-1}$$

Then set $V_{dac} = 0$ and find V_{fb} versus V_{out} .

$$V_{fb} = V_{out} \cdot \left(\frac{R_{13}}{R_2 + R_{13}} \right)$$

$$R_{13} = R_1 || R_3 = \left(\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_3} \right)^{-1}$$

Combine equations

$$V_{fb} = V_{dac} \cdot \left(\frac{R_{12}}{R_3 + R_{12}} \right) + V_{out} \cdot \left(\frac{R_{13}}{R_2 + R_{13}} \right)$$

Now set $V_{fb} = V_{ref}$ (control loop action!) and solve for V_{out}

$$V_{out} = V_{dac} \cdot \left(-\frac{R_{12}}{R_3 + R_{12}} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{R_2 + R_{13}}{R_{13}} \right) + V_{ref} \cdot \left(\frac{R_2 + R_{13}}{R_{13}} \right)$$

Rewrite as linear transformation: Scale (m) and Shift (b)

$$V_{out} = V_{dac} \cdot m + b$$

$$m = \left(-\frac{R_{13}}{R_2 + R_{13}} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{R_2 + R_{13}}{R_1} \right)$$

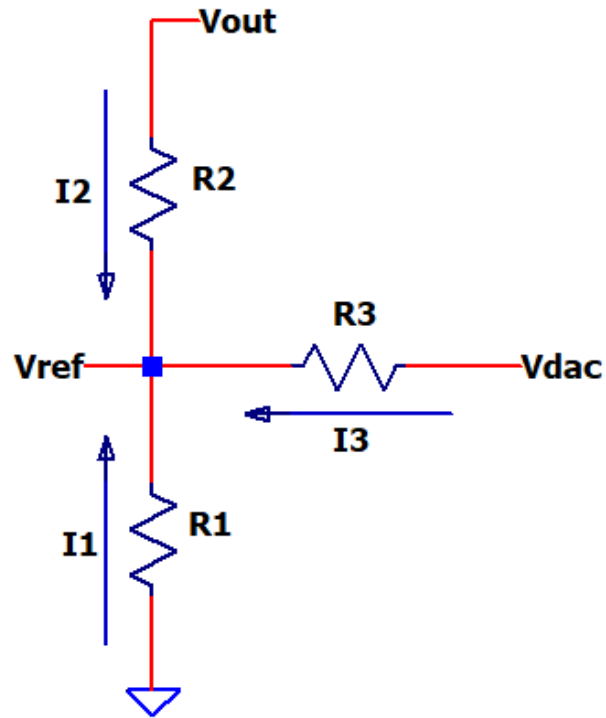
$$b = V_{ref} \cdot \left(\frac{R_2 + R_{13}}{R_1} \right)$$

Find V_{dac} need for V_{out}

$$V_{dac} = \frac{V_{out} - b}{m}$$

R1, R2, R3 Derivation

Schematic for Analysis



Servo loop maintains V_{fb} at V_{ref} .

$$V_{fb} = V_{ref}$$

Nodal Analysis

$$I_3 + I_2 + I_1 = 0$$

$$\left(\frac{V_{dac} - V_{ref}}{R_3} \right) + \left(\frac{V_{out} - V_{ref}}{R_2} \right) + \left(\frac{-V_{ref}}{R_1} \right) = 0$$

Define input (V_{dac}) and output (V_{out}) pairs.

$$V_{dac0} = 0V \quad V_{out0} = 9V$$

$$V_{dac1} = 5V \quad V_{out1} = 3V$$

R1, R2, R3 Derivation

Nodal Analysis (repeated)

$$\left(\frac{Vdac - Vref}{R3}\right) + \left(\frac{Vout - Vref}{R2}\right) + \left(\frac{-Vref}{R1}\right) = 0$$

Collect terms and simplify

$$\frac{Vdac}{R3} + \frac{Vout}{R2} = Vref \cdot \left(\frac{1}{R3} + \frac{1}{R2} + \frac{1}{R1}\right)$$

Input / Output pair 0

$$\frac{Vdac0}{R3} + \frac{Vout0}{R2} = Vref \cdot \left(\frac{1}{R3} + \frac{1}{R2} + \frac{1}{R1}\right)$$

Input / Output pair 1

$$\frac{Vdac1}{R3} + \frac{Vout1}{R2} = Vref \cdot \left(\frac{1}{R3} + \frac{1}{R2} + \frac{1}{R1}\right)$$

If right sides equal, then so are left sides.

$$\frac{Vdac0}{R3} + \frac{Vout0}{R2} = \frac{Vdac1}{R3} + \frac{Vout1}{R2}$$

Choose R3, and **Solve for R2**.

$$R2 = \frac{(Vout0 - Vout1)}{\left(\frac{Vdac1}{R3} - \frac{Vdac0}{R3}\right)}$$

Solve for R1 in input/output pair 0 or 1.

$$R1 = \frac{Vref}{\left(\frac{Vdac0}{R3} + \frac{Vout0}{R2} - \frac{Vref}{R2} - \frac{Vref}{R3}\right)}$$

DAC Adjusts Supply Vout

- Check out topic on eCircuit Center.
 - https://ecircuitcenter.com/Circuits/dac_adjust_PS/dac-adjust-supply-vout-1.htm
- Analog Topics with SPICE and Excel
 - <https://ecircuitcenter.com/Circuits.htm>
- Instructables Article: DAC Adjusts Supply Vout using the Arduino
 - <https://www.instructables.com/circuits/arduino/projects>
- What do you find useful? Other comments?
 - <https://ecircuitcenter.com/contact.htm>